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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/491,721	01/27/2000	James W. Cree	31358-233	8978

7590 08/05/2002

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EXAMINER

PIERCE, JEREMY R

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

1771

DATE MAILED: 08/05/2002

8

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/491,721	CREE ET AL	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jeremy R. Pierce	1771	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 May 2002.

2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-17 and 25-29 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1-17 and 25-29 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

11) The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.

If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.

12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a) All b) Some \* c) None of:

1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).

a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.

15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

#### Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

**DETAILED ACTION**

***Response to Amendment***

1. Amendment A, filed on May 21, 2002 has been entered as Paper No. 8. Claims 18-24 have been cancelled. New claims 25-29 have been added. The amendment is sufficient to withdraw the 35 U.S.C. 112, 102, and 103 rejections set forth in sections 3 and 6-8 of the last Office Action.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103***

2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

3. Claims 1-6, 9-11, 13-17, and 25-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Morman (U.S. Patent No. 5,336,545).

Morman teaches a composite elastic neck-bonded material comprising a necked fabric bonded to an elastic sheet (column 3, lines 19-24). The elastic sheet may be a film (column 3, lines 6-7) and can have two necked fabrics bonded on both sides of it (column 3, lines 31-35). Morman uses similar materials as the Applicant, such as polypropylene for the necked nonwoven fabric (column 25, lines 41-45) and block copolymers for the elastic sheet (column 6, lines 55-56). Although Morman does not explicitly teach the limitations ultimate force to break values of the nonwoven fabrics and the composite in grams per inch, it is reasonable to presume that said limitations

are inherent to the invention. Support for said presumption is found in the use of similar materials (i.e. polypropylene for the nonwoven and block copolymer films for the elastic sheet) and in the similar production steps (i.e. necking the nonwoven prior to lamination) used to produce the elastic composite material. The burden is upon the Applicant to prove otherwise. *In re Fitzgerald*, 205 USPQ 594. In the alternative, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art to provide the claimed ultimate force to break properties in order to provide a composite with an increased resistance to breaking, since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980). Note *In re Best*, 195 USPQ 433, footnote 4 (CCPA 1977) as to the providing of this rejection under 35 USC 103 in addition to the rejection made above under 35 USC 102. With regard to claim 3, having between 2 and 50% of the thermoplastic fibers skewed in a direction greater than about 10 degrees from the machine direction is an inherent feature to the nonwoven web of Morman since the webs are made by meltblowing that involves random deposition of the fibers. With regard to claim 4, Morman teach the nonwoven web is made from microfibers with an average diameter of from about 4 to 40 microns (column 2, lines 32-37). It is known that 15-micron polypropylene is equal to 1.42-denier polypropylene; thus, Applicant's claimed range for fiber mass per unit area is clearly anticipated. With regard to claim 5, meltblown fibers are randomly deposited (column 2, lines 38-50). With regard to claim 6, Morman discloses the fabric can weigh between 0.2 and 10 ounces per square yard (column 6, lines 5-21). With regard to claim 10, Morman discloses the preferred use of

low weight elastic sheets for economic reasons, but also discloses the use of sheets with a basis weight of up to 10 ounces per square yard (column 9, lines 1-7). With regard to claims 13 and 29, although Morman does not explicitly teach the limitation of Dart Impact value for the elastic sheet, it is reasonable to presume that said limitations are inherent to the invention. Support for said presumption is found in the use of similar materials (i.e. block copolymer) and in the similar production steps (i.e. similar weights) used to produce the elastic sheet. The burden is upon the Applicant to prove otherwise. In the alternative, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide a polymeric film layer with a Dart Impact value of at least 400 grams in order to create a film that is puncture and resistant, since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. With regard to claims 15-17, Morman discloses the nonwoven fabrics and elastic sheet can comprise multiple layers (column 3, lines 19-46).

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

4. Claims 7, 8, and 12 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morman in view of Haffner et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,789,065).

Morman do not teach the elastic sheet to be made from metallocene-based low-density polyethylene film. Haffner et al. disclose block copolymers and metallocene-catalyzed ethylene films as suitable elastic film layers useful in the same art of personal care products. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to use a metallocene-catalyzed ethylene film in the composite of Morman, since it has been

held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416. With regard to claim 12, Morman does not teach perforating the elastic sheet. However, Haffner et al. disclose providing perforations in the elastic film layer allow it to be breathable. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide perforations in the elastic sheet of Morman in order to provide breathability to the composite, as taught by Haffner et al.

### ***Response to Arguments***

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-17 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### ***Conclusion***

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeremy R. Pierce whose telephone number is (703) 605-4243. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 7-4:30 and alternate Fridays 7-4.

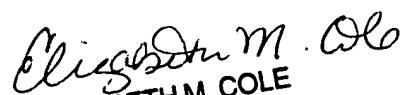
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terrel Morris can be reached on (703) 308-2414. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.



Jeremy R. Pierce  
Examiner  
Art Unit 1771

July 30, 2002

  
ELIZABETH M. COLE  
PRIMARY EXAMINER